

SYRUP OF FIGS



It is excellent for all who realize the importance to

Human Health and Happiness, of a truly healthy, elegant and effective laxative to cleanse the system when bilious or constipated, to dispel colds and headaches, and to

Permanently Cure

Habitual Constipation

The California Liquid Fruit Remedy

SYRUP OF FIGS

Possessing all the above qualities, it rapidly becomes the universal favorite, especially with ladies and children, as it is pleasant to the taste, and perfectly

SAFE IN ALL CASES.

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For Sale in 5c. and \$1.00 Bottles by all Leading Druggists.

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LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for educational and charitable purposes, and the franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand and Extraordinary Drawings take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawings in each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-simile of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

E. J. McLaughlin, Jr.
J. P. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers in Louisiana which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALSHLEY, Pres. La. Nat'l Bk.
F. L. LAUREN, President State Nat'l Bk.
A. B. DUNN, Pres. N. O. National Bk.
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NORTH DRAUGHTING at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, December 18, 1888.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$600,000

100,000 tickets at \$1; Halves, \$20; Quarters, \$10; Eighths, \$5; Twentieths, \$2; Fortieths, \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE of \$600,000 is.....\$600,000
1 PRIZE of 250,000 is.....250,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....50,000
2 PRIZES of 25,000 are.....50,000
12 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....60,000
25 PRIZES of 2,000 are.....50,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are.....50,000
200 PRIZES of 200 are.....40,000
500 PRIZES of 100 are.....50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of \$1000 are.....\$100,000
100 Prizes of 500 are.....50,000
100 Prizes of 200 are.....20,000

THREE-NUMBER TERMINALS.

50 Prizes of \$400 are.....20,000
50 Prizes of 200 are.....10,000

TWO-NUMBER TERMINALS.

20 Prizes of \$300 are.....6,000
20 Prizes of 100 are.....2,000

3,116 Prizes amounting to.....\$2,118,800

For Club rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address. Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed.

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Remember that the presence of General Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.

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Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 35 Second Street.

WASHED ASHORE.

Each Swell Brings Evidence of the Damage Done

BY THE HURRICANE ON THE NEW ENGLAND COAST.

No Doubt But that the Allentown Has Gone Down With All on Board—The Ocean Steamers Believed to Have Sought Sea Room When the Storm Begun—Considerable Damage Along the Shore.

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—The damage from the storm along the coast is tremendous, and every swell of the ocean brings fresh evidence that the damage outside was awful. The extent of loss to life or floating property cannot be estimated.

At Cohasset and along by Sandy Cove splendid pieces of furniture marked "Allentown" are washed in by every wave. This means that the iron steamer of that name from Philadelphia has gone to pieces and gone down off the ledge, and it is presumed, from the nature of the coast, that all on board went with it.

Capt. Brown, of the North Scituate life saving station, has made a diligent inspection of the coast in search of bodies from the steamer, but has discovered none as yet. He advances the opinion that the ship has foundered either on Davis or southeast ledge, each of which lie about a mile southeast of Minute ledge. An attempt will be made to reach Minute for information concerning the wrecks.

Numbers of summer cottages and most of the beautiful drives have been washed away. The Atlanta house alone loses fully \$5,000 by reason of damages to its carpets and ceilings.

The beach all along is strewn with wreckage. At Atlantic City the storm is over and the beach is full of wreckage of every description.

All of the incoming steamers report having been caught in the frightful hurricane.

THE OCEAN STEAMERS.

New York, Nov. 29.—Only three of the dozen or more ocean steamers due here arrived in port Tuesday, and according to the statements made by their officers, if the others sought for sea room when the Sunday storm began, there is no cause for apprehension as to their safety. They simply put off the coast to make better weather and to avoid the possibilities of being driven ashore.

There were no evidences of disaster reported, except that the steamer Chancellor, from the East Indies, reported that off Bernegat, she passed a large quantity of wreckage, including cabin furniture and fixtures. This may have been from some schooner or smaller vessel. There are several coastwise steamers overdue, but most of them probably put well out to sea, and their delay in arrivals is thus accounted for. The Chancellor shipped many heavy seas during the gale, and received some damage about the decks.

The Arizona, of the Guion line, which usually reaches New York on Sunday, arrived on Monday night at Sandy Hook. She met the storm on Sunday, but, with the exception of the high seas and the general sailing about, when made things uncomfortable for all on board, there was no more than the usual experience of a sea voyage.

The Hamburg steamship Polytesia had an exceedingly unpleasant experience for twenty-four hours. The sea broke over the vessel fore and aft, and the whole ship was virtually under water most of the time, while her 250 storage passengers were praying below the decks. She met with only slight damage, however.

The steamer Huns and Kurt, twenty-five days out from New Castle, was tossed about by the heavy seas like a barrel, but she met with only slight damages above the water line.

The American schooner Jonathan May, struck on the Jersey beach off Sandy Hook in striking, the vessel went on broadside and careened, taking several tons of sand and water over her bulwarks. The crew took the rigging to await daylight, while the captain busied himself burning flash lights to attract the attention of those on shore. These lights were discovered by a patrolman at midnight and he gave the alarm. In a very short time the life line was shot aboard and securely fastened. But as there was still a chance of saving the vessel the crew refused to leave her until daylight, when they were taken ashore in the lifeboat of the station. The vessel is high on the beach, but with favorable weather may be saved.

There is a cry of disaster along the whole coast, and it will probably increase as the wind goes down, for the loss will then be known.

The destruction of property on Coney Island will not be covered by \$500,000. The Concourse may be said to be a total wreck. The expensive concrete roadway lies in heaps of irregular fragments that show where the waves swallowed up \$75,000. The pipes are smashed of the Coney Island Gas company, and had it not been for the foresight of the superintendent in shutting off the gas before the gale, explosions would have added their terrors to those of the storm. The marine railroad officials have as yet done nothing beyond viewing the spot once occupied by their expensive station and breakwater. As not a vestige even of the foundations remain their loss will probably foot up to \$75,000.

Between Manhattan beach and Brighton the sea made a clean breach across the beach and has partially opened the old inlet. The Manhattan beach hotel was not injured, but four of the large bulkheads that project into the ocean were knocked into worthless heaps of stones and timbers.

A Heavy Surf.

MARSHFIELD, Mass., Nov. 29.—The surf here is very heavy. A large three-masted schooner with the mizzen mast standing was discovered at daylight. She was last seen anchored off the shoal, one and one-half miles southeast of Brant Rock, north of Howland's ledge. She was rolling heavily and much fear is felt for her safety.

Fears for a Government Steamer.

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.—It is feared that the

new government steamer Stanley, intended for Prince Edward Island ferry service, was out in the recent storm. The vessel was to have sailed from Glasgow last week. The department has cabled there for information.

Another Ship Lost.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The great Atlantic storm spent its force Tuesday. A message was received stating that the Nacoochee, owned by the Ocean Steamship company, of Savannah, had gone ashore on the North Carolina coast near Cape Hatteras.

A Barkentine Foundered.

BLACK ISLAND, R. I., Nov. 29.—An unknown barkentine has foundered off the southwest ledge. The crew landed in dory. The vessel is laden with paving stones from Portland for New York.

HARRISON'S SOUTHERN POLICY.

He Is Surprised at Impatience of Officials.

(Hears Toward the South.)

GREENVILLE, S. C., Nov. 29.—The Greenville Daily News prints a letter recently received by its editor from Gen. Harrison, and published by his permission. It is a reply to a letter urging that the southern commercial interests would be relieved from an incubus caused by doubts and fears regarding the southern policy of the coming administration, if Gen. Harrison would make some general assurance of his purpose to follow a conservative course toward the south, and is as follows:

"INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 14, 1888.

"TO A. B. WILLIAMS, Esq., Greenville, S. C.:

"MY DEAR SIR:—Your letter of November 19 has been received. I am not ready to make any public utterances upon any public question. Every day I am solicited by special correspondents of the press to speak upon this subject or that, but I have invariably declined, and to your appeal for some expression upon the question that interests you, I must for the present make the same answer. I understand that you have yourself been satisfied with the expressions made by me in my public utterances to visiting delegations during the campaign.

"When the surprise and disappointment which some of our people have felt over the result has passed away, and they give more calm thought to the situation, I think they will be as much surprised as I am that they should be in thought or speech imputing to me unfriendliness toward the south. The policies in legislation advised by the Republican party, I believe, are wholesome for the whole country, and if those who in their hearts believe with us upon these questions would act with us some other questions that give you local concern would settle themselves. Very truly yours,

"BENJAMIN HARRISON."

THE WARREN-HAVLIN FIGHT.

The Well Known Feather-Weights Fight in "Frisco"—Warren Wins.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—Jack Havlin and Tommy Warren, the feather weights, had a fight to a finish Tuesday night in the rooms of the California Athletic club, for a purse of \$1,000. Over one thousand persons paid fancy prices to see the battle. It was a pretty one-sided fight all the way through, in favor of Warren. Havlin occasionally got in good work, but the severity of his training having reduced his weight from 135 to 115 pounds, told on him terribly. Warren got first blood and two knock downs in rapid succession in the fourth round.

Havlin rallied in the seventh round and again in the nineteenth round, and each time got in some savage work, but he was too badly used up to last.

The last few rounds were the most brutal ever seen in this city. It was evident to every one that Havlin had no possible chance of winning. In the twenty-first round he was knocked down twice, and after that he was scarcely able to strike a blow. Warren was apparently almost as fresh as at the beginning of the fight, a swollen lip being the only mark on his face, while Havlin's lips and eyes were terribly swollen, and blood was pouring from his face and from the front part of his body. In the twenty-second round Havlin was knocked down once, and in the next round five times. In the twenty-fourth round he was hardly able to stand, and Warren knocked him down six times. He came forward gamely for the twenty-fifth, but was hardly on his feet before Warren sent him under the ropes. He again stood up only to be again knocked down. He was unable again to respond when time was called, and the fight was awarded to Warren. No man in the ring, however, ever displayed greater gameness than did Havlin.

SHERIDAN ON WAR.

His Opinion of It as Expressed in His Memoirs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—It is always interesting to know what a man thinks of his own profession. Here is what Gen. Sheridan thought of war, as expressed in his memoirs, just published:

"I do not hold war to mean simply that lines of men shall engage each other in battle and material interests be ignored. This is but a duel, in which one combatant seeks the other's life; war means much more, and is far worse than this. Those who rest at home in peace and plenty see but little of the horrors attending such a duel, and even go on, contenting themselves with encouraging all who are able-bodied to enlist in the cause, to fill up the shattered ranks as death thins them.

"It is another matter, however, when deprivation and suffering are brought to their own doors. Then the case appears much graver, for the loss of property weighs heavy with the most of mankind; heavier often than the sacrifices made on the field of battle. Death is popularly considered the maximum of punishment in war, but it is not; reduction to poverty brings prayers for peace more surely and more quickly than does the destruction of human life, as the selfishness of man has demonstrated in more than one great conflict."

Cyrus Miller, said to have disappeared from Bluffton, Ind., with over \$5,000 overdrawn accounts, turns up smiling and solvent to prove that it was an overdraw statement.

Puckerbrush, Ind., congregation suspended service and watched with breathless interest while David V. Thompson, his son and Frank Wilson engaged in a fist fight in the sanctuary.

HRONEK ON TRIAL

Anarchist Frank Chleboun on the Witness Stand

TESTIFIES AGAINST HIS FELLOW-CONSPIRATORS.

Three of Them Had Planned to "Assassinate"

Judges Gray and Grinnell and Inspector Bonfield—The Bombs Were Labeled "Cure for Rheumatism"—Hronek was a Professor of Bombmaking.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—The trial of the alleged dynamite blend, John Hronek, began in Judge Collins' court Tuesday.

State's Attorney Longenecker made a brief opening address for the prosecution. He explained why Sevic, Capek and Chleboun, the other conspirators, were not on trial, saying that they had been granted separate trials, and that Chleboun would testify against his comrades. It would be shown, he said, that three of the men deliberately sat down and discussed a plan to blow up the homes of Judges Gray and Grinnell and Inspector Bonfield, and that immense quantities of dynamite were found in their possession. He went on to state that Hronek had photographs of the intended victims, and that the conspirators went to the homes of the officials in order to become acquainted with the surroundings.

Frank Chleboun testified as to the circumstances under which he first met the prisoner. It was at "Anarchist Turk's" house. Afterwards he met Capek, and he became intimate with both of them. He was a frequent visitor at Hronek's house. The last Sunday in May Hronek told witness how he had a great scheme to burn up a lumberyard, but it had been discovered. He had also missed a chance to kill Bonfield, and was afraid he would never have another. They went to Hronek's woodshed, and Hronek showed him about ten bombs. Some were iron and others were tin. None of them were loaded, but Hronek said he could get some dynamite from Rudolph Sevic, one of the accused, and fill them.

A tin can about five inches high, one and three-quarters inch in diameter, and containing a smaller can in the center, was produced. It was covered with a pretty paper picture and was labeled "Cure for Rheumatism." Chleboun said that some of the bombs were like this, and then three iron gas pipe bombs were produced and identified as being like others shown by Hronek.

"June 3," continued Chleboun, "I met Hronek and we went to Capek's house. There we met a man named Nikolanda, and Hronek pulled out a bomb. Nikolanda did not want him to be so public. From there they went to Riverside, and on the road between that place and Clyde tried to test the bomb. Hronek placed it under a bridge and, attaching a fuse, lighted it. They waited twenty-five minutes, but Hronek had evidently twisted the fuse in too tight and it did not explode.

MEXICAN MENTIONINGS.

A Terrible Mine Explosion—Boys Kill Each Other For a Cent.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 29.—Latest reports from the explosion of the reduction works at the San Ignacio mine, Pacheca, show seven killed and twenty-seven wounded, most of them boys. The wounded were horribly scalded and crushed.

Recently on the Central railroad, at Irapuato, a student named Borjon, who was on the train, lost his hat, and in his effort to recover it fell under the wheels and was ground to fragments.

On the 23d ult. the first train on the Hidalgo railroad reached Zamapango from Teoloyucan.

Recently at Durango they had eight days of continuous rain, which destroyed 200 houses and \$50,000 worth of property.

Yesterday, in the capital, three young vagabonds, mere boys, were gambling, and got to fighting over a cent. The result was that knives were drawn, and the three were killed in the fight which ensued.

The saloons in Guanajuato are closed at 10 p. m.

The governor of Zacatecas gave \$10,000 for the sufferers by the Vera Cruz hurricane.

The Anglo-Mexican exploration syndicate was recently formed in London with a capital of \$100,000 to buy mines and lands in Mexico.

THINK! G OF HIS DEAD.

A Brave Engineer Unwittingly Meets a Terrible Fate.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Engineer Truer, of the Erie railroad, met a terrible death at Ridgewood Junction, N. J., early yesterday morning, through a temporary aberration of his mind, consequent upon a terrible affliction to his little family. Nearly all of his little children had been buried within the past week and his wife lay at home dangerously ill.

Nevertheless, the stern demands of duty compelled him to run his engine as usual. At Ridgewood he stopped for train orders, and leaving his engine started for the telegraph office. His mind was filled with boundless grief for his dead loved ones, and he failed to detect the near approach of a lumbering freight train, going in another direction. The engine struck him and the wheels ground out the life blood of the brave fellow, leaving his suffering wife to bear the crushing loss of the bread winner of the family. She may not sustain the shock.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The headquarters of the abolition porter houses at No. 2 Irving Place, presented a lively scene when hundreds of men formed in line to be registered to take a place of the journeymen brewers to be sacked out.

The men employed in the various breweries were interviewed as to whether they were ready to give up the union. Those replying in the affirmative were retained in their work, while those expressing their loyalty to the union were informed that there was no more work for them. The number of men to be sacked out cannot be ascertained as yet, but it is thought that a large majority will stick by the union.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and spicy manner.

Mrs. Louis Nisley hung herself in a barn at Lancaster, O.

No deaths and no new cases were reported at Jacksonville Tuesday.

The official vote shows Cleveland's plurality in New Jersey to be 7,149.

The official vote of Indiana shows 2,348 plurality for the highest Harrison elector.

The places of the striking switchmen at Indianapolis are being filled as rapidly as possible.

Henry Kinder, fourteen, nephew of Henry Probusco, of Cincinnati, was killed by a fall at Anderson, Ind.

Senators Allison and Spooner have called on Gen. Harrison. Both say the senate tariff bill will be pushed.

Each of the 400 employees in the navy department were presented with a large turkey by Secretary Whitney.

Joseph Peterson, an old Scotchman, was found dead in bed at Shawnee, O., with a little grain in his arms.

Lynum Poles, a murderer, will be shot by the court officers at Oak Lodge, in the Choctaw nation on December 13.

William Brewer is before the Athens, O., court to explain his connection with the death of Mrs. Hart, of Nelsonville.

A notice was posted on a telephone pole at Fostoria, O., warning those who got drunk and abuse their families to look out.

Hiram Piggan, the slayer of Craig Tolliver, who was run over by a train at Morehead and had both legs cut off, is dead.

The Ironton, O., Daily Republican, after an existence of four months, has given up the ghost. The weekly will be continued.

The trial of Edward A. Gardner, charged with smuggling opium across the Canadian border, was commenced in Auburn, N. Y.

New York and New Jersey brewers have decided to lock out all union men because of the continued boycott on Stevenson's beer.

S. J. Dickerson, pastor of the colored Zion Methodist Episcopal church, at Louisville, was found dead in the back yard of the church.

The old light over Miss Mary Morrison for the senate clerkship will probably be renewed by the resignation of Miss Fattie Kunkler.

John Kramer, of Ripley, O., laborer, got on a dink and pounded his wife's head with a shotgun. She is dangerously injured, and he is missing.

Ohio teachers who have not passed an examination on physiology, according to the new law, will probably be out of a situation about January 1.

Misplaced affection has caused Miss Vienna Davis, of Syracuse, O., to make three unsuccessful attempts to poison herself. She says she will try it again.

The South Carolina legislature began its annual session Tuesday. For the first time since reconstruction the senate has not a single colored member.

Nash Cox, an ex-convict, was sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary in the circuit court for outraging Mrs. Alvoys, a widow, at Seymour, Ind.

North Chicago Rolling Mill company has given notice of a reduction in wages of from 15 to 20 per cent. This is not attributed as a result of the late presidential election.

After many years of strict attention to business Evansville, Ind., has accumulated the cornerstone of a new court house, which has been laid with Masonic ceremonies.

The people of Mithlenburg county, Kentucky, are entitled to free passes. They have a railroad tax of \$800,000 to pay, which is more than the whole county would bring at a sale.

Uncle Sam is searching for bags of coin stolen in transit from New Orleans to Washington, and has his stern accusing finger pointed toward the home of the goddess of the starchy opies.

Five murders have occurred recently in Redwood county, Minnesota, as the results of feud. Several people have been arrested and it looks as though the Regulators will take a hand soon.

Hon. Dan Ryan, Ohio's secretary of state, has made up his clerical cabinet, and the bleak November winds come laden with the bitter weeping of 7,350 applicants who are left out in the cold.

Charles E. Stanley, secretary of the Cleveland Gas company, resigned and left for California. He was short in his accounts. His salary was \$3,000 a year and the company had first given him \$2,500.

Sheriff Walker, of Youngstown, O., who was assaulted, is practically bankrupt. He secured his sureties by mortgages, and as signed to Deputy County Clerk Folsing, who has taken charge of the office.

Governor Jackson, of Maryland, will apply to the secretary of war for the use of cannon, to be placed on the state steamer and pointed along the shore, and used in endeavoring to enforce the law against the Chesapeake oyster draggers.

Pollie Bradin, of Toronto, charged with bigamy, in having married Thomas A. Bradin in Limley fifteen years ago, and also Fred. Barner, who blew out his brains at Suspension Bridge on the 16th inst., was committed for trial Tuesday.

Henry Young, William Nagel and others are asked to pay \$20,000 damages for keeping a herd of the relatives of Mrs. O'Leary's cow and allowing them to run at large, at Bellefontaine, O. The horse driven by William and Mary Young was frightened by them, and both were killed in the runaway.

John Harris, of Cincinnati, shook up his 250 pound frame by jumping from the second-story window of an Ogeel, Ind., hotel in his sleep, taking the window with him and frightening his entertainers out of a year's growth. The artless rustic Hoosier don't seem to appreciate the latest metropolitan style of leaving a hotel.

A novel wedding occurred a day or two ago on the Pendleton county, West Virginia, and Virginia line. The parties were Mr. John Raeborn, of Highland county, Virginia, and Mrs. Martha Probst, of Pendleton county, West Virginia. The Rev. G. Collins, the minister in the case, not having license in Pendleton, stood on the line of the two counties, while high-contrasting parties stood in Pendleton county and were made man and wife in the presence of a large crowd of people.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

THURSDAY EVE., NOV. 29, 1893.

It reports are true Judge Day will likely contest Wilson's election in the Tenth Congressional district. Democrats claim vote in one or two of the strong Republican mountain counties the vote was larger than the entire population. One thing is certain the Republican gains in that district were unprecedented.

MURAT HALSTEAD, of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, will find it difficult to make the people of the South believe he is honest and sincere in his change of policy towards them. It will be hard for them to forget how he has abused and vilified their people for years. And they cannot be blamed if they believe the venom and hatred that has characterized almost his every utterance about them for years rankles still in his heart.

The Lexington Press is inclined to belittle the development of Eastern Kentucky, and facetiously remarks that "it's a very frigid day when some English company don't buy a few million acres and several railroads are not built in that great country." There may be exaggerated reports in regard to the investment of capital and new railroad enterprises in that section, but there has been a wonderful development all the same, and the end is not yet. The wealth of the coal and iron deposits and the richness of her forests are bound to be brought into the world's markets, and that soon. It would be far more laudable in the Press to encourage the work than to belittle and laugh at it.

Mortgaged Farms.

The mortgages on farms in Ohio, it is said, amount to more than seven hundred million dollars and are gradually increasing, and this, too, in an old, well-developed, rich farming country. This condition of affairs has not been brought about by any natural but by an artificial cause—the present unequal and oppressive tariff.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Commenting on this the New York Herald says: "There is something very odd about this, and we can't quite get it through our heads why the farmers all over the country didn't see the Ethiopian in the Republican wood pile."

"They are not a stupid set of people by any means, but somehow they got things terribly mixed. More than any other class they decided against their own interests, and if their mortgages increase they will have nobody to blame but themselves."

"They have deliberately voted for an increase of taxes and of the running expenses of the farm. They apparently want dear clothing, dear wool, nails, saws, hoes, hammers. But, curiously enough, they have made no arrangements to sell their hay and potatoes and squashes in a high priced market."

"Perhaps all this is patriotism, and then again perhaps it is a blunder. We shall see about that as the months trip gayly by and it becomes necessary to work harder than ever to make both ends meet. They may find on the first of each January that the money goes out in dollars but comes in in pennies."

"Experience is rougher than the school-master who teaches his boys arithmetic by the application of a raw-hide."

Infamous Talk.

The source of trouble is that the blacks will not fight for themselves, and any coercive power to enforce their rights must be used from the outside. White men or Indians situated as the southern negroes are would make the rivers of the South run red before they would submit to the usurpations and wrongs which the blacks passively endure. Oppressed by generations of slavery the negroes are non-combatants. They will not shoot and burn for their rights. They lack even the combativeness found in the women of the races long accustomed to freedom. The negroes will not fight except in association with and under the leadership of white men. Whenever there is a considerable portion of white Republicans ready to fight, if necessary, for a free ballot and fair count the negroes can and do vote and have their ballots fairly counted; but if left to themselves they are helpless even where they are in a vast majority. In what manner can outside federal power be brought to bear to secure the rights of the negro in States where they can not act in association with or under the leadership of white men? That is the great question. Will Senator Lugan's cast light upon it?

The above is from the Chicago Tribune. We hesitated about publishing it, but the suggestions, indirectly made, are so infamous that the Tribune deserves and should receive the severest condemnation of every peace-loving citizen in the land. No denunciation is too severe for such language. Commenting on the Tribune article, the Louisville Courier-Journal says: "This is at once a reproach to the negroes for not attempting to deluge the South with blood, and an instigation to them to adopt such a course in the future. American journalism bears no blacker blotch, and it would be truly a one-sided law which would hang an Anarchist for urging his views through the press, and which would permit the man who wrote this to continue to preach, unrestrained, his fiendish doctrine of incendiarism and murder."

Blindness is increasing 25 per cent. more rapidly than population in this country. That is to say, population increased 30 per cent. from 1870 to 1880, and blindness increased during the same period 40 per cent., until now we have 50,000 blind. Contagion and immigration are set down as among the chief causes.—Chicago News.

VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 29.—Judge Frederick W. Viebe, aged fifty-six, Monday night drank from a bottle of ammonia, supposing it to be medicine, from the effects of which he died Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Viebe was state senator from 1876 to 1878. Circuit court adjourned out of respect to his memory, and the Knox county bar and common council have passed resolutions on his life, character and public services. He leaves a young wife and several children.

White Caps Warn Women. WINCHESTER, O., Nov. 29.—A notice was served on Miss Ollie Marsh, who lives at Fincastle, Brown county, Ohio, about five miles northeast of here, warning her if she did not walk straight she would be roughly dealt with. This is the first instance of notice being taken of women by White Caps, but corroborates their threats that they would attend to the women when they were through with the men.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE. Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for November 28. New York.—Money 2 1/2 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady. Currency notes, 121 bid; four cents, 128 1/2 bid; four-and-a-half, 109 1/2 bid. The stock market opened 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. lower than last night's closing, but on buying of commissions on homes the last became firm and advanced 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. by 11 o'clock. This advance caused some selling especially of the Orange and Rock Islands, by parties wishing to realize, and the result was that prices in the head of the stocks named, fell off 1/4 to 3/4 per cent. At the present writing the market is dull.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, \$1.02 1/2; No. 2, \$1.01 1/2; No. 3, \$1.00 1/2; No. 4, \$0.99 1/2; No. 5, \$0.98 1/2; No. 6, \$0.97 1/2; No. 7, \$0.96 1/2; No. 8, \$0.95 1/2; No. 9, \$0.94 1/2; No. 10, \$0.93 1/2; No. 11, \$0.92 1/2; No. 12, \$0.91 1/2; No. 13, \$0.90 1/2; No. 14, \$0.89 1/2; No. 15, \$0.88 1/2; No. 16, \$0.87 1/2; No. 17, \$0.86 1/2; No. 18, \$0.85 1/2; No. 19, \$0.84 1/2; No. 20, \$0.83 1/2; No. 21, \$0.82 1/2; No. 22, \$0.81 1/2; No. 23, \$0.80 1/2; No. 24, \$0.79 1/2; No. 25, \$0.78 1/2; No. 26, \$0.77 1/2; No. 27, \$0.76 1/2; No. 28, \$0.75 1/2; No. 29, \$0.74 1/2; No. 30, \$0.73 1/2; No. 31, \$0.72 1/2; No. 32, \$0.71 1/2; No. 33, \$0.70 1/2; No. 34, \$0.69 1/2; No. 35, \$0.68 1/2; No. 36, \$0.67 1/2; No. 37, \$0.66 1/2; No. 38, \$0.65 1/2; No. 39, \$0.64 1/2; No. 40, \$0.63 1/2; No. 41, \$0.62 1/2; No. 42, \$0.61 1/2; No. 43, \$0.60 1/2; No. 44, \$0.59 1/2; No. 45, \$0.58 1/2; No. 46, \$0.57 1/2; No. 47, \$0.56 1/2; No. 48, \$0.55 1/2; No. 49, \$0.54 1/2; No. 50, \$0.53 1/2; No. 51, \$0.52 1/2; No. 52, \$0.51 1/2; No. 53, \$0.50 1/2; No. 54, \$0.49 1/2; No. 55, \$0.48 1/2; No. 56, \$0.47 1/2; No. 57, \$0.46 1/2; No. 58, \$0.45 1/2; No. 59, \$0.44 1/2; No. 60, \$0.43 1/2; No. 61, \$0.42 1/2; No. 62, \$0.41 1/2; No. 63, \$0.40 1/2; No. 64, \$0.39 1/2; No. 65, \$0.38 1/2; No. 66, \$0.37 1/2; No. 67, \$0.36 1/2; No. 68, \$0.35 1/2; No. 69, \$0.34 1/2; No. 70, \$0.33 1/2; No. 71, \$0.32 1/2; No. 72, \$0.31 1/2; No. 73, \$0.30 1/2; No. 74, \$0.29 1/2; No. 75, \$0.28 1/2; No. 76, \$0.27 1/2; No. 77, \$0.26 1/2; No. 78, \$0.25 1/2; No. 79, \$0.24 1/2; No. 80, \$0.23 1/2; No. 81, \$0.22 1/2; No. 82, \$0.21 1/2; No. 83, \$0.20 1/2; No. 84, \$0.19 1/2; No. 85, \$0.18 1/2; No. 86, \$0.17 1/2; No. 87, \$0.16 1/2; No. 88, \$0.15 1/2; No. 89, \$0.14 1/2; No. 90, \$0.13 1/2; No. 91, \$0.12 1/2; No. 92, \$0.11 1/2; No. 93, \$0.10 1/2; No. 94, \$0.09 1/2; No. 95, \$0.08 1/2; No. 96, \$0.07 1/2; No. 97, \$0.06 1/2; No. 98, \$0.05 1/2; No. 99, \$0.04 1/2; No. 100, \$0.03 1/2; No. 101, \$0.02 1/2; No. 102, \$0.01 1/2; No. 103, \$0.00 1/2; No. 104, \$0.00 1/2; No. 105, \$0.00 1/2; No. 106, \$0.00 1/2; No. 107, \$0.00 1/2; No. 108, \$0.00 1/2; No. 109, \$0.00 1/2; No. 110, \$0.00 1/2; No. 111, \$0.00 1/2; No. 112, \$0.00 1/2; No. 113, \$0.00 1/2; No. 114, \$0.00 1/2; No. 115, \$0.00 1/2; No. 116, \$0.00 1/2; No. 117, \$0.00 1/2; No. 118, \$0.00 1/2; No. 119, \$0.00 1/2; No. 120, \$0.00 1/2; No. 121, \$0.00 1/2; No. 122, \$0.00 1/2; No. 123, \$0.00 1/2; No. 124, \$0.00 1/2; No. 125, \$0.00 1/2; No. 126, \$0.00 1/2; No. 127, \$0.00 1/2; No. 128, \$0.00 1/2; No. 129, \$0.00 1/2; No. 130, \$0.00 1/2; No. 131, \$0.00 1/2; No. 132, \$0.00 1/2; No. 133, \$0.00 1/2; No. 134, \$0.00 1/2; No. 135, \$0.00 1/2; No. 136, \$0.00 1/2; No. 137, \$0.00 1/2; No. 138, \$0.00 1/2; No. 139, \$0.00 1/2; No. 140, \$0.00 1/2; No. 141, \$0.00 1/2; No. 142, \$0.00 1/2; No. 143, \$0.00 1/2; No. 144, \$0.00 1/2; No. 145, \$0.00 1/2; No. 146, \$0.00 1/2; No. 147, \$0.00 1/2; No. 148, \$0.00 1/2; No. 149, \$0.00 1/2; No. 150, \$0.00 1/2; No. 151, \$0.00 1/2; No. 152, \$0.00 1/2; No. 153, \$0.00 1/2; No. 154, \$0.00 1/2; No. 155, \$0.00 1/2; No. 156, \$0.00 1/2; No. 157, \$0.00 1/2; No. 158, \$0.00 1/2; No. 159, \$0.00 1/2; No. 160, \$0.00 1/2; No. 161, \$0.00 1/2; No. 162, \$0.00 1/2; No. 163, \$0.00 1/2; No. 164, \$0.00 1/2; No. 165, \$0.00 1/2; No. 166, \$0.00 1/2; No. 167, \$0.00 1/2; No. 168, \$0.00 1/2; No. 169, \$0.00 1/2; No. 170, \$0.00 1/2; No. 171, \$0.00 1/2; No. 172, \$0.00 1/2; No. 173, \$0.00 1/2; No. 174, \$0.00 1/2; No. 175, \$0.00 1/2; No. 176, \$0.00 1/2; No. 177, \$0.00 1/2; No. 178, \$0.00 1/2; No. 179, \$0.00 1/2; No. 180, \$0.00 1/2; No. 181, \$0.00 1/2; No. 182, \$0.00 1/2; No. 183, \$0.00 1/2; No. 184, \$0.00 1/2; No. 185, \$0.00 1/2; No. 186, \$0.00 1/2; No. 187, \$0.00 1/2; No. 188, \$0.00 1/2; No. 189, \$0.00 1/2; No. 190, \$0.00 1/2; No. 191, \$0.00 1/2; No. 192, \$0.00 1/2; No. 193, \$0.00 1/2; No. 194, \$0.00 1/2; No. 195, \$0.00 1/2; No. 196, \$0.00 1/2; No. 197, \$0.00 1/2; No. 198, \$0.00 1/2; No. 199, \$0.00 1/2; No. 200, \$0.00 1/2; No. 201, \$0.00 1/2; No. 202, \$0.00 1/2; No. 203, \$0.00 1/2; No. 204, \$0.00 1/2; No. 205, \$0.00 1/2; No. 206, \$0.00 1/2; No. 207, \$0.00 1/2; No. 208, \$0.00 1/2; No. 209, \$0.00 1/2; No. 210, \$0.00 1/2; No. 211, \$0.00 1/2; No. 212, \$0.00 1/2; No. 213, \$0.00 1/2; No. 214, \$0.00 1/2; No. 215, \$0.00 1/2; No. 216, \$0.00 1/2; No. 217, \$0.00 1/2; No. 218, \$0.00 1/2; No. 219, \$0.00 1/2; No. 220, \$0.00 1/2; No. 221, \$0.00 1/2; No. 222, \$0.00 1/2; No. 223, \$0.00 1/2; No. 224, \$0.00 1/2; No. 225, \$0.00 1/2; No. 226, \$0.00 1/2; No. 227, \$0.00 1/2; No. 228, \$0.00 1/2; No. 229, \$0.00 1/2; No. 230, \$0.00 1/2; No. 231, \$0.00 1/2; No. 232, \$0.00 1/2; No. 233, \$0.00 1/2; No. 234, \$0.00 1/2; No. 235, \$0.00 1/2; No. 236, \$0.00 1/2; No. 237, \$0.00 1/2; No. 238, \$0.00 1/2; No. 239, \$0.00 1/2; No. 240, \$0.00 1/2; No. 241, \$0.00 1/2; No. 242, \$0.00 1/2; No. 243, \$0.00 1/2; No. 244, \$0.00 1/2; 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No. 581, \$0.00 1/2; No. 582, \$0.00 1/2; No. 583, \$0.00 1/2; No. 584, \$0.00 1/2; No. 585, \$0.00 1/2; No. 586, \$0.00 1/2; No. 587, \$0.00 1/2; No. 588, \$0.00 1/2; No. 589, \$0.00 1/2; No. 590, \$0.00 1/2; No. 591, \$0.00 1/2; No. 592, \$0.00 1/2; No. 593, \$0.00 1/2; No. 594, \$0.00 1/2; No. 595, \$0.00 1/2; No. 596, \$0.00 1/2; No. 597, \$0.00 1/2; No. 598, \$0.00 1/2; No. 599, \$0.00 1/2; No. 600, \$0.00 1/2; No. 601, \$0.00 1/2; No. 602, \$0.00 1/2; No. 603, \$0.00 1/2; No.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

THURSDAY EVE, NOV. 29, 1888

TIME TABLE.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL RAILROAD:
Arrive.....10:50 a. m. 7:40 p. m.
Depart.....6:50 a. m. 1:00 p. m.
THE MAYSVILLE AND BIG SANDY RAILROAD:
Eastbound.....7:50 a. m. 2:20 p. m.
Westbound.....1:35 a. m. 4:45 p. m.

PURCHASE, Callhoun's.

Mince meat, Java coffee, maple syrup,
buck wheat, Callhoun's. dtf

Choice red and yellow Jersey sweet
potatoes at G. W. Geisel's.

The next term of the Lewis Circuit
Court will convene Dec 10th.

If you are looking for holiday goods,
read J. James Wood's advertisement.

Mr. JAMES BRIGER has finished re-
pairing the Gurney property on Market
street.

The Court of Appeals has affirmed the
case of Snapp versus Snapp, from Nichol-
as County.

FRED K. KELLER, of Mt. Olivet, is
thankful for a pension lately granted him
by Uncle Sam.

CAPTAIN L. G. PALMER, one of the
pioneer citizens of Ripley, died last Tues-
day, of paralysis.

MRS. SUSAN NOLIN, whose critical ill-
ness was noticed a few days ago, was no
better this morning.

MRS. J. K. HARDIN, of Covington, was
called here a few days ago by the critical
illness of her mother, Mrs. Nolin.

JUDGE COLE and Commonwealth's At-
torney Sallee came in from Flemingsburg
last evening to spend Thanksgiving at
home.

TEAGER's distillery at Tollesboro will
shut down next week. About twenty
barrels of brandy are included in the
present run.

You must pay your city taxes on or be-
fore Thursday, December 6th, if you
don't want your name to appear on the
delinquent list.

MESSES. W. H. Cox and Thomas A.
Davis was at Lexington Tuesday night to
help confer the Royal Purple degree on
several Oddfellows.

The public schools of the city will take
Thanksgiving until next Monday, and
the small boy who thinks more of play
than of books is happy.

An entertainment will be given in the
Presbyterian Church at Washington to-
morrow, November 30th, by the school
children. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

The people of Ripley are thankful that
apples are so cheap. The fruit is selling
at 15 cents a bushel, and has not been so
plentiful down there for many years.

REMEMBER the lecture on "Puncheon
as an Orator" at the M. E. Church to-
morrow night. Go and aid a worthy
cause. Rev. Thomas Hanford is an in-
teresting and pleasant speaker.

At the late Republican jollification at
Tollesboro an exploding anvil badly
burned John Hanna's face and tore off
one of Allen Grigsby's ears. Both will
bear the marks the rest of their life.

MR. JACOB HELMER has opened a gro-
cery in the Gurney property on west side
of Market street between Second and
Third. Fresh vegetables and everything
in the grocery line on hand at all times.

For the first time since the reconstruc-
tion period, the State Senate of South
Carolina has not a single negro member.
The Palmetto State has probably learned
that the colored man is not much as a
Legislator.

MESSES. C. J. HALL, Josiah Wilson and
Misses Fannie Gordon, Ella Metcalf and
other teachers of the city schools
were remembered last evening in a very
handsome and substantial manner by
their pupils.

The Fleming grand jury adjourned
last Tuesday. Nineteen indictments
were reported—one for murder, 4 for
manslaughter, 6 for carrying concealed
deadly weapons, 4 for violations of the
liquor laws and 2 for petit larceny.

The handsomest line of diamonds ever
shown here are those that Hopper &
Murphy, the jewelers, are now displaying.
Also a fine line of ladies' and gent's
gold watches, at prices lower than they
have ever been sold in Maysville. Prices
guaranteed the lowest. dtf

COMPARISON of Equitable Life with two
of the other largest American companies:
New business of Equitable in 1887, \$138,-
023,105; new business of New York Life
in 1887, \$106,749,295; new business of
Mutual Life, N. Y., in 1887, \$60,443,110.
Jos. F. Brodrick, agt., Maysville, Ky.

Contributions to the "One Dollar Library Fund."

Owing to the demand for out space
during the political contest recently
ended many things of local interest and
importance were necessarily crowded out
of our columns, hence little, if any, no-
tice has been made during the past six
weeks of the work going on in behalf
of the public library. Those engaged in
this work have not been idle. The "dollar"
subscription sheets, of which there
were about forty placed in the hands of
different individuals in the city and
county, are now being heard from.

We understand that all persons who
have these subscription papers are being
requested to report by the 25th of next
month. The columns of the BULLETIN
will be open for all lists of subscribers
and the names of the individuals report-
ing them.

Below is the list reported by Miss Clara
Russell. Let all soliciting strive to do as
well:

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Mr. Wm. Geisel, | Mrs. J. W. Sparks, |
| Mrs. Ann Shinkleford, | Mrs. W. C. Shinkleford, |
| Mrs. H. C. Barkley, | Mrs. L. W. Galbraith, |
| Mrs. D. A. Richardson, | Mrs. A. Finch, |
| Mrs. J. F. Perrie, | Mrs. Geo. T. Hunter, |
| Mrs. J. W. Watson, | Mrs. J. A. Johnson, |
| Mrs. Gurney, | Mrs. M. C. Russell, |
| Mrs. Geo. F. Cox, | Mrs. John M. Frazee, |
| Mrs. J. M. Rains, | Mrs. Thos. A. Ross, |
| Mrs. Holt Richeson, | Miss Alice Flecklin, |
| Mrs. Belle Yawcey, | Mrs. W. S. Moore, |
| Mrs. A. E. Cole, | Mrs. James Barbour, |
| Mrs. C. C. Calhoun. | |

In addition to the above, Mr. John B.
Holton, of Washington, reports subscrip-
tions amounting to \$125.

COUNTY CLERK BALL has sold a lot in
Chester to George Schroeder for \$150.
Frederick Schroeder has also conveyed a
lot in Chester to George Schroeder; con-
sideration one dollar love and affection.

DENNIS MADDEN, colored, was tried
at Flemingsburg this week for as-
sault and battery. The jury acquitted
him. He was charged with striking Rev.
J. Allen Ross, the colored Democratic
orator.

REV. D. A. BEARDSLEY, pastor of the
M. E. Church, South, is thankful for a
large and handsome chair for his study
and for a liberal supply of articles for the
table, gifts from members of his congre-
gation and other friends.

ONE Thomas Paynter was kicked by a
mule at Ruddles Mills last week. Two
weeks before that a lot of mules were
kicking at another Thomas Paynter in
this district, but they didn't hurt him
much.—Carlisle Mercury.

THE Carlisle Mercury says: "Mr. and
Mrs. H. M. Scudder and daughter, Mr.
Calvin Darnall, wife and children, and
Mrs. Lou Scudder and daughter, Miss
Anna, are in Maysville to-day at a re-
union of the Darnall family, which takes
place at Mr. Will Darnall's."

THE city election at Frankfort will
come off next Saturday. A bitter fight
is on between the candidates for Mayor,
and excitement runs high. Robert H.
Todd, a negro, will likely be elected as
Councilman, as the colored registered
vote in his ward is in the majority.

COLUMBUS HUGHES, of Cabin Creek,
who is troubled with temporary fits of
insanity, was lodged in jail last evening
by Deputy Marshal Dawson and Mr.
William Karr. Hughes threatened to
carve Mr. Dawson up when the latter
went to arrest him, but was soon quieted.

TWENTY-FIVE years ago E. W. Halford,
Mr. Harrison's private secretary, was
working as a job printer, and gave up the
position to become a reporter on the
Indianapolis Journal. The first item he
wrote was a ten line advertisement. This
is encouraging to us newspaper fellows.

MR. BUSH HART, one of Uncle Sam's
Storekeepers, has announced that he will
make the race for Jailer of Bourbon
County. Evidently he is not expecting
any favors from the incoming administra-
tion. Mr. Hart was stationed at one of
the distilleries in the West End a year or
so ago.

JUDGE SAM SAVAGE has had eighteen
residences built at Ashland since he be-
came a resident of that city. His plan
is to purchase a lot and erect a house
thereon, and then sell it on long time,
the purchaser paying him a certain
amount each month until the house and
lot are paid for.

ANOTHER one of the noted characters
of Rowan County is no more, Hiram
Pigman having died last Tuesday from
injuries received by being run over by a
C. & O. train, at Morehead. Pigman was
the reputed slayer of Craig Tolliver. It
is reported he was drunk when he met
with the accident that resulted in his
death.

THE Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Big
Sandy Packet Company have asked the
Augusta council to allow them to use the
wharf privileges for the sum necessary to
keep the grade in repair, estimated at
probably \$500 per year. The company
pays the city now at the rate of about
\$1,000 per year. The petition will likely
be granted.

MR. J. B. FAULKNER, of Flemingsburg,
and Miss Mattie C. Smith, of this city,
were married at 10 o'clock this morning
at the home of the bride's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. N. B. Smith, of Fifth street,
Rev. Thomas Hanford officiating.

REMEMBER the Mason County Building
and Saving Association will declare a di-
vident of about 6 1/2 per cent. the first of
January. Books are now open for sub-
scription to the ninth series of stock.
Call on W. W. Ball, J. James Wood, R.
K. Hoellich or George T. Wood.

ALFRED GRAYSON, the ex-convict who
has figured in our courts frequently, was
sent to the penitentiary from Loniaville
a month or so ago on charge of horse-
stealing. A fellow giving his name as "J.
T. Jeffers" wrote to the Courier-Journal
this week from Lexington, stating that
Grayson is innocent of the charge.

THE friends of Mr. John McGrath will
regret to learn of his sudden death, which
occurred at Anthony, Kan., a few days
ago, from disease of the heart. He was
fifty-three years old. He came over
from Ireland thirty years ago, and learned
the blacksmith trade in this city.
Afterwards he moved to Flemingsburg,
and from there to Anthony. He leaves
nine children.

AT Owingsville, November 26, a large
tobacco barn, belonging to Jacob War-
ner, was destroyed by fire. The barn
contained over 12,000 pounds of first-
class tobacco, which had been sold for
winter delivery at ten cents per pound.
No insurance, either on building or con-
tents. Mr. Warner also lost all his
farming implements. The fire was of
incendiary origin. Loss fully \$3,000.

CARLISLE ANDERSON, a young man
about fifteen or sixteen years of age, son
of Marcus Anderson, who formerly lived
on a farm in Kentucky opposite our
place, died last Friday in Cincinnati,
where the family now reside. His fune-
ral took place last Sunday at Dover. He
was a bright and promising youth, and
his early death excites great regret among
the friends of the family.—Ripley Bee

Its Delicacy of Flavor
and the efficacy of its action have ren-
dered fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, im-
mensely popular. It cleanses and tones
up the clogged and feverish system, and
disposes headaches, colds and fevers. For
sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles.

The Protracted Meeting.
The protracted meeting at M. E. Church
South, is still in progress. "Christ, and
Him Crucified" was the subject of Rev.
H. C. Morrison's sermon last night.
There was one addition.

Preaching at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon
and 7 o'clock this evening. All cordially
invited.

The Gobbler's Fate.
A gobbler's od upon the fence
Whence all but him had fled,
His form erect, his tail outspread,
And stately was his head.
—Danville Breeze.

The farmer's wife, she came along.
The gobbler, he disappeared,
On a dinner table to-day he was seen—
His gobble will no more be heard.

Buffington Moore.
The marriage of Miss Drusie, the
youngest daughter of Judge Laban T.
Moore, of Catlettsburg, and Mr. Eugene
Buffington, of the American Wire Nail
Company, of Covington, took place at
Beechmoor, the beautiful home of the
bride, Tuesday at 5 o'clock, Rev. John
A. Black, of the M. E. Church, South,
officiating. The newly-married couple
are members of two of the oldest and
wealthiest families in the Ohio Valley.
The bride is a young lady of rare beauty
and accomplishments, and will be re-
membered as one of the bridesmaids at
the Keith-Richardson nuptials in this
city a year or so ago.

Personal.
Mr. Andrew January, of Chicago, is in
town.

Miss Anna Scudler, of Carlisle, is the
guest of Miss Anna Darnall.

Miss Anna Knox went to Newport last
evening to spend Thanksgiving with her
parents.

Captain W. P. Walker, Sr., of Cincin-
nati, is here spending Thanksgiving with
his brother-in-law, Mr. John B. Gibson.

Captain Val P. Collins, wife and chil-
dren, of Covington, are the guests of
Mrs. Thomas A. Ross, of West Third
street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Boulden, of Mil-
larsburg, are spending several days with
friends and relatives in this city and
county.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

GERMANTOWN.
Died, on Saturday last, Samuel Youngs-
man, in eighty-fourth year.

A supper will be given at the town hall
next Friday night for the benefit of
our band. A liberal patronage is earnestly
requested. Oysters and refreshment of all
kind will be served in abundance.

Married, on Wednesday morning at the
residence of Ebe Thompson, Esq., by Elder
Hofford, Miss Laura Thompson to Mr. Wm.
Dickerson, of Boone County, Ky. The bride
is one of our most estimable young ladies,
and carries with her to her new home the
best wishes of our entire community.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

—Just the thing—Kackley's direct life-
size portraits for presents.

—An appropriate Christmas for one
and all is Kackley's direct life-size por-
traits.

—Ten dollars is the cost of Kackley's
life-size portraits for Christmas and New
Year's gifts. 13

CHICAGO MARKETS.

FURNISHED BY W. A. NORTON.
December wheat, \$1.02 1/4; corn, 38 1/2;
May wheat, \$1.08 1/4; corn, 39 1/2;
January pork, \$14.35.

RETAIL MARKET.

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| Coffee, A. B. | 17@20 |
| Woolseed, new crop, per gal. | 5@60 |
| Golden Syrup | 40 |
| Sorghum, Fancy New | 35@4 |
| Sugar, yellow | 7@8 |
| Sugar, extra C. | 8 |
| Sugar, A. B. | 8 1/2 |
| Sugar, granulated | 9 |
| Sugar, powdered | 10 |
| Sugar, New Orleans | 10 1/2 |
| Peas, A. B. | 50@1 00 |
| Cond. Oil, best light | 15 |
| Bacon, breakfast | 11@12 1/2 |
| Bacon, clear sides | 11@12 1/2 |
| Bacon, Hines | 14@15 |
| Bacon, shoulders | 13@10 |
| Bacon, 5 lb. hams | 30@40 |
| Salt, 20 lb. | 20@25 |
| Chicken, each | 15@25 |
| Eggs, 3 doz. | 17@20 |
| Flour, Limetown | 7 1/2 |
| Flour, Old Gold | 6 25 |
| Flour, Maysville Family | 6 25 |
| Flour, Royal Patent | 6 1/2 |
| Flour, Maysville Family | 6 1/2 |
| Flour, Graham | 20@4 1/2 |
| Apples, per 10 | 15 |
| Ham, 5 gal. | 20 |
| Mail 1/2 | 2 |
| Mail 1/2 | 11@12 1/2 |
| Onions, per peck | 25@30 |
| Potatoes, per peck | 20 |
| Apples, per peck | 10@15 |

ROYAL
Baking
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pu-
rity, strength and wisdom. More eco-
nomical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot
be sold in competition with the multitude of
low test, short weight, alum or phosphate
powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAK-
ING POWDER CO., 116 Wall St., New York.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

And TRADE SUPPLIES.

FIRE-WORKS

LANTERNS and FLAGS, at

JOHN WHEELER'S

CRESCENT: HEEL: PLATES

On RUBBERS

will double their

wear and pre-

vent slipping.

Price 10 cents on

Rubbers sold at

MINER'S: SHOE: STORE.

WE OFFER SOME DECIDED BARGAINS

—TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF—

CLOAKS.

Ladies' Jackets, \$1 85, \$2 25, \$2 50 and
\$3; Extra Fine Jackets in Brown, Navy
and Electric Blue at \$5, sold in Septem-
ber at \$7.50.
Striped Raglans, \$5 00, worth \$7.50;
twenty-five Short Wraps at \$4 00, \$5 00
and \$6.50.
In Plushes we are showing the best
value for the money in the city.
See our \$12.50 Jackets and \$20 Sackes.
Four-button Kid Gloves at 50 cents.
All Wool Regular Made Cashmere
Hose at 25 cents.

Ladies' Jersey Underwear at 37 1/2 cents.
Five pieces new shades Broad Cloth at
\$1.00, regular price \$1 25.
Thirty-six-inch All Wool Tricot's at
37 1/2 cents.
A new line of Dark Prints and Ging-
hams only 5 cents.
Fifteen Pieces of Jeans at 25 cents—
good value at 35 cents.
Canton Flannel, 5, 8 1/2 and 10 cents.
All Wool Flannel, 12 1/2, 15 and 25 cents,
in Grey, White and Red.

BROWNING & CO.

3 East Second Street, Maysville.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Of the Entire Stock of Goods of F. HECHINGER, de-
ceased, better known as HECHINGER & Co.

Oddfellows': Hall: Clothing: House.

We commence this sale to-day, and will continue it until
the entire stock is closed out. We need not mention that such
an opportunity to buy Clothing, Tailoring Goods and Gent's
Furnishings, all of the highest and best grades, at an impera-
tive sale rarely presents itself.

We have everything arranged in such a manner that every-
body can be waited on. Goods will be marked in plain figures,
one price only, terms strictly cash.

As the stock is a very large one and the Administrator is
anxious to close it out as soon as possible, ALL GOODS WILL
BE SOLD AT THE PRICE THEY ARE APPRAISED. As most everyone in this part of the State has knowledge of the
class of goods Hechinger & Co. carry, it is unnecessary to enu-
merate any of them. Merchants can here find an opportunity to
make profitable investments.

A. M. J. COCHRAN, Adm'r.

D. HECHINGER, Manager for F. Hechinger, dec'd.

SCROFULOUS.

Such is the Condition of the
Young German Emperor.

HIS DISEASE MAY CAUSE HIS DEATH
WITHIN A YEAR.

His Affliction Almost Unbearable.—The Commander of the Rhine River Relief Expedition Not Yet Decided Upon—Jen Carney Wants to Fight Jack McAniff's Foreign Notes.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The reports of the confinement of the emperor of Germany to his apartments with a severe cold have revived the stories prevalent here some time ago of the young monarch's scrofulous condition and the imminence of his succumbing to a disease similar to that which terminated the life of his father. From private dispatches received during the last few days as well as from correspondence giving what purported to be accurate information as to the actual condition of the health of Emperor William covering the last fortnight, it is gathered that the German throne is threatened with another abdication through the operation of the laws of nature within the next year, and it is asserted that the absolute facts cannot much longer be held from the public.

Almost immediately upon his accession to the throne Emperor William, never regarded as a robust man, although appearing in padded uniform as of fine physique and in excellent form, began a series of visits to his imperial and royal brethren the exactions of which would have impaired the powers of a much stronger man than he. Moreover it is stated that upon several occasions covered by the period of his journeys and stoppages at the various capitals visited the young emperor permitted himself to indulge inordinately in strong drink, a practice to which he was not addicted prior to his assumption of imperial power.

To this indulgence and its consequent effects are ascribed many of his lapses in filial duty toward his mother, which in a man in the ordinary walks of life, would have been characterized—and justly, too—as the acts of a man of conspicuously brutal instincts, and also much of his intemperance of speech with reference to vital political questions.

That the emperor's constitutional ailments have been very much aggravated by over exertion and over indulgence there can be no doubt and the suggestion that he is now, or upon the verge of suffering from a complaint from which few of the Hohenzollerns of the later generations have been entirely free is received in England with "I told you so" air betokening, if not genuine satisfaction, at least an unshaken popular belief in the doctrine of retributive justice.

The Emperor's Affliction.
New York, Nov. 29.—A London special to the Times says:

There have been similar reports in court circles here of late that Emperor William is suffering from an acute attack of his chronic trouble, a swelling inside the ear, about which the doctors are much alarmed. It keeps him awake almost continually and drives him to constant occupation for relief.

His odd way of turning up at surprise drills and his strange activity in rushing from one function to another all day are thus accounted for. On Sunday one of the people best informed in England on inner Berlin news told me that he had become worse during the last few days, and Monday it was announced that owing to a cold he will remain indoors during the rest of the week. If the ear malady should take a serious turn there would be immense excitement all over Europe.

The African East Coast Expedition.

BERLIN, Nov. 29.—With reference to the Rhine relief expedition, it is stated that Dr. Peters and Lieut. Wissman have arrived at an agreement, in accordance with which the latter will advance to the Great Lakes, where he will await Dr. Peters, but it is not yet decided which of the two will command the combined expedition.

Dr. Peters was entertained at a students' dinner. In a speech he said: "Those who thought his dead will be astonished to see how courageously we shall act in making the East Africa company a worthy standard-bearer of the National honor. With a colonial force of say 200 Germans and 500 natives, assisted by our men-of-war, we shall reconquer the coast. But we are not so presumptuous as to demand a land army from the empire."

Revolt on Turkish Transports.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 29.—A revolt on the part of 2,000 men employed on government transports, whose time has expired, has taken place. The mutineers raked the fire from under the boilers on the transports, in order to prevent their sailing until the arrears of their wages had been paid. The minister of war with great difficulty, raised money with which to pay the men, and the vessels have sailed. The sultan has ordered an inquiry to be made into the matter.

A Prospective Earl in Trouble.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Horace Walpole, heir to the earldom of Oxford, will shortly figure in the courts as defendant in a promising scandal. A German governess, named Valery Wiedemann has sued him for breach of promise to marry and also for libel. The damages are placed at £10,000. The governess alleges that Walpole met her in Bulgaria, and after offering to marry her, betrayed her. He then discarded her and repudiated the paternity of her child.

Jen Carney's Bluff.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Jen Carney, the lightweight champion, has requested the Sporting Life to reply to the challenge of McAniff. He does not intend, he says, to fight again in America, as he is assured that he will not receive a fair play. He is ready, however, to fight McAniff in England or on the continent, for any sum of money, allowing his American adversary a reasonable amount for expenses.

Foreign Notes.

The czar contemplates a visit to Berlin and Denmark.

A battalion of British troops has been ordered to Suakin.

Lord Tennyson is improving slowly but surely, at Fresh Water Isle of Wight.

Mr. Henry George has postponed his departure for America until December 9.

Boulanger has resigned the seats for Sozome and Charente.

The debate on the land bill was continued in commons and it has finally passed the committee.

The village Vanbecourt, near Nancy, France, has been totally destroyed by fire. Thousands of persons are without shelter.

An imperial ukase has been issued providing for the issue of 4 per cent. bonds to the nominal value of 125,000,000 roubles. The money is to be used in the purchase of the bonds of 1877 still in circulation, amounting to 268,300,000 marks, and for the redemption of the temporary credit notes issued in 1877 and 1878.

The Italian senate rejected, by a vote of 76 to 28, a proposal to give illiterate persons the right to vote at elections for local administration officials.

The queen has confirmed the appointment of Mr. Monro, assistant police commissioner, to succeed Sir Charles Warren as chief of the metropolitan police.

The king and queen of Belgium gave a farewell dinner yesterday in honor of Judge Lambert Tree, the American minister, and his wife, prior to their departure for St. Petersburg.

Henry George, in an address in London, said that the grasping for land in America was rapidly making that country similar to England. He wanted to utterly abolish landlordism, and to grant to every child a share in the land.

Duleep Singh, the Indian prince who sold his birthright to England, is in Paris negotiating for the sale of his jewels, which are on exhibition. He will return to Russia and buy an estate in south Russia. He stated in an interview that he was on extremely friendly terms with some of the Irish leaders, and that he had received offers to act conjointly with them when the times arrives. He believes himself a prophet, but he is evidently a crank.

MRS. GENERAL SHERMAN DEAD.

She Dies At Her Home In New York City of Heart Trouble.

New York, Nov. 29.—Mrs. Ellen Ewing Sherman, wife of William T. Sherman, died at 10 a. m. at her residence, No. 75 West Seventy-first street, in this city.

For nearly five years Mrs. Sherman has been suffering from heart trouble, and about three weeks ago her malady assumed a serious aspect.

Gen. Sherman was almost prostrated Tuesday evening. He and his wife have been married thirty-eight years, and grew up as children together in Lancaster, O., where Mrs. Sherman was born sixty-four years ago. Her father was the celebrated Tom Ewing, senator, representative and cabinet officer, and the mother was a Miss Boyle, and it is from her that Mrs. Sherman inherits her rigid Catholic faith for which she has become noted.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Important Matters Considered in Their Closing Session.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 29.—Before adjournment the general assembly of the Knights of Labor sat down on a motion to amend their constitution to allowing the selling of liquor at Knights of Labor entertainments. Atlanta, New Orleans and Albany received the highest number of votes as next place of meeting, and the executive board will select which place it prefers.

A committee was appointed to investigate the shooting of knights in Louisiana for striking. The assembly endorsed the Blair educational bill, determined to establish junior leads and recommended the committee to investigate the general offices at Philadelphia. Powderly to name the committee. He appointed Messrs. McGee, Benton and Jameson.

The Mississippi's True Source.

SAUK CENTER, Minn., Nov. 29.—The true source of the Mississippi river was at last discovered, by parties living at this place. It is two small lakes, one of which they named Lake Jaspina. These lakes are fed by many small creeks, and their waters are emptied into Lake Glazier, which lake was discovered by Capt. William Trazier, who claimed it to be the source of the Father of Waters.

A Murder Epidemic in Minnesota.

REDWOOD, Minn., Nov. 29.—Five murders have recently taken place in Redwood county, and the people are terribly excited. The last one took place Saturday night, when Frank Dodge's body was found by the roadside horribly mutilated. Chilton Dodge, his cousin, has been arrested.

Boy Shoots His Mother.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 29.—Mrs. Emma Maffett, a dressmaker, temporarily in this city, was shot in the breast and dangerously wounded by her seven-year-old boy this morning. The child had been mad with its mother, but it is claimed the shooting was accidental.

Ordered to Leave.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Nov. 29.—Mrs. Doran, who was just acquitted in the circuit court of murdering her husband by pouring carbolic acid down his throat in July last, returned here Tuesday from Indianapolis, and was ordered to leave this city and stay away or insanity proceedings would be filed against her, she having been acquitted on this dodge. She informed the authorities that she was as sane as they, or the court and jury that tried her. Considerable indignation is felt over her conduct.

Taking Interest in the Centennial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—Secretary Anderson has received a letter from Governor Biggs, of Delaware, saying he will be present at the meeting of the centennial and exposition National board on December 1; also a letter from the Italian chamber of commerce, of New York, saying that Alexander Oldini, one of their directors, will represent the chamber on that occasion.

A Duel Fought in Central Park.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The police have proof that a duel with pistols was fought in Central park last Thursday night; that one of the combatants was wounded; that the affair was about a lady, and that the lady tried to warn the police that the duel was to be fought, but her letters were received too late to prevent the meeting. The names of the parties are as yet unknown.

School Building Burned.

DANVILLE, Ill., Nov. 29.—The public school building in the village of Roseville, this county, was destroyed by fire Monday morning. Loss about \$20,000; insurance, \$14,000. It is supposed the fire originated from the steam-heating apparatus.

New Jersey's Plurality for Cleveland.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 29.—Following is the official vote of the state: Average vote of Cleveland electors, 151,493; Harrison electors, 144,344; Cleveland's plurality, 7,149.

TYPICAL DIAVOLOS.

LUXURIOUS BRIGANDS WHO MAKE
EUROPE THEIR CAMPING GROUNDS.

Picturesque Rogues of Eastern Roumelia. Luxurious Brigands Who Are Not Content with Common Things—The Real "Fra Diavolo"—Scribe's Delusive Creation.

Brigandage—which may happily be said to be still but defunct in Spain and the Italian peninsula, which is only heard of now and again in feebly spasmodic outbursts in Sicily, which has lost much of its former virulence in the kingdom of Hellenes proper, and which, thanks to railways and the maintenance of something approaching a stable government, is finding even out of Mexico—the fullest luxuriance in Eastern Roumelia. The energy and impudence of the gang of bandits who recently captured two Austrian subjects, MM. Landler and Blader, at Belova, and demanded no less a sum than 1,300 Turkish pounds for their ransom, are almost of a nature to vie with the late M. Edmund About's delightfully picturesque but slightly imaginative narrative of the achievements of the Greek "Klept" Hadji Stavros, "King of the Mountains."

It cannot be denied that there is a slight touch of humor in the proceedings of these ruffianly outlaws, and that they have contrived to cast a new light on the domestic economy of brigand life. There has been hitherto a tolerably general consensus among travelers that the modern brigand in Roumelia and on the Turko-Greek frontier is, as a rule, a deplorable ragamuffin, usually a wretched peasant or an insolent horse cooper, who is in league with the priest of the village round about which he prowls. His innermost garment is more frequently a goat skin than a shirt of textile fabric; he rarely washes; his ideas touching combs are indistinct and he never heard of a tooth brush.

As for his diet, it is one in which salt fish and sausages largely predominate over butcher's meat, and rancid oil over both, and as regards stimulants, he will drink as much as he can get of the commonest red wine, the most fiery brandy and the most malodorous mastice or "rakli." Of course, he smokes, but usually his tobacco has been the vilest Russian "mamorka" and his pipe a rags chibouk of cherry wood. The Belova brigands seem, however, to have souls far above such primitive garb and such simple viands as we have glanced at.

PERFECT SYMBIOTES.

The rogues are perfect symbiotes, and, in a letter addressed to a rich merchant of Tartar-Bazardjik, they demanded that there should be forthwith sent to them six Martini rifles of the pattern furnished to the Eastern Roumelian gendarmes, together with a large supply of ball cartridge, thirty-five pairs of shoes, as many shirts, ornamented with the finest Russian embroidery, thirty-five pairs of stockings of the best quality, thirty-five cakes of scented soap, an equal quantity of ivory combs, three dozen less one of ivory cigarette holders, a large quantity of tobacco and cigarettes, and a neatly assorted stock of cognac, vermouth, bitters, cheese and other creature comforts. It is only to be wondered at that these dandy brigands did not add a few dozen boxes of sardines, Paris kid gloves, hand mirrors, birthday cards and flasks of eau de Cologne to their list. Their attire of roes they probably prepare for themselves, the odoriferous manufacture being indigenous to the region they adorn with their presence.

About the only temble hypothesis that can be formed to account for the elegant luxury in which the Bulgarian brigands have taken to living may be that they have been reading a translation of the libretto of Scribe's "Fra Diavolo," and that they have resolved to "live up to it."

The real "Fra Diavolo," whose name was Michele Pezza, was the most repulsive of highway robbers. He had been a stocking knitter in a small way of business in the kingdom of Naples, and, going bankrupt, took to robbing on the road. He became the scourge and terror of the two Calabrias, and a price was set on his head, but when in 1793 Cardinal Ruffo undertook to force the French to evacuate the Neapolitan territory he pardoned "Fra Diavolo," and even gave him a commission as lieutenant colonel of volunteers.

EXECUTED AT LAST.

For eight years this inconceivable black-guard waged guerrilla warfare on the Gallic invaders, robbing and murdering his own countrymen when there were no foreigners to fight, but in 1806 he was captured, shot and gibbeted, the officer who ordered his execution being, oddly enough, a gallant French general, the father of the great master of the romantic school in France—Victor Hugo. There was in reality nothing more romantic about Fra Diavolo than there was about our Anglo-French highwayman, Claude Duval, who was simply an abominable profligate footman of the Duchess of Portsmouth, but in the early days of French romanticism every incident and every personage that could be perverted to picturesque use were eagerly seized upon by the novelists and playwrights. They turned to Spain, and especially Italy; and, while Victor Hugo fabricated a wholly unhistorical Lucrezia Borgia as the hero of a tragedy, Alexander Dumas manufactured an equally unvarnished Fra Diavolo as the hero of a novel.

The ready-witted Scribe at once availed himself of the latter amusing but delusive creation, and with the collaboration of the composer, Anber, he produced the always charming comic opera of "Fra Diavolo."

There can be but little doubt that, while the lyricist benefited largely by the popularity of Aubert's sparkling and harmonious numbers, an appreciable amount of social harm was done by the highly picturesque and histrionic presentment given by Scribe of the shabby "Fra Diavolo" and his gang of murdering desperadoes. Society began to believe in the existence of a marauder elegantly and expensively attired in plum colored velvet, with gilt sugar loaf buttons to his jacket, his lower limbs swathed with criss-cross thongs, and wearing a conical hat profusely ornamented with ribbons.

This ideal brigand was scrupulously polite to ladies, and would bow over and reverentially salute the taper fingers from which he gently removed the diamond rings, and only under extreme pressure of necessity would this orthodox bandit, who was usually a good son of the church, rob a bishop.—New York Graphic.

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